

DATOS FUNDAMENTALES PARA EL INVERSOR

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SYCOMORE ALLOCATION PATRIMOINE

ISIN: FR0010474015 (participación I)

FCP administrado por Sycomore Asset Management



Objetivos y política de inversión

El objetivo del FCP, OPCVM de OPCVM, clasificado como diversificado, es el logro de una rentabilidad significativa con un horizonte mínimo temporal recomendado de tres años, con una asignación discrecional de la cartera en varias clases de activos.

Los dos motores principales de rentabilidad previstos son: (1) Una estrategia «acciones» que expone entre el 0% y el 50% de la cartera a los siguientes activos: acciones internacionales de cualquier capitalización, OPCVM que ofrecen una exposición a los mercados de acciones internacionales, incluyendo los emergentes, instrumentos financieros a plazo negociados en mercados regulados y/o de común acuerdo, que permitan una exposición o cobertura a diferentes sectores, zonas geográficas o cuantías de capitalización. (2) Una estrategia «rentabilidad de obligaciones» que expone entre el 0% y el 100% de la cartera a los siguientes activos: OPCVM que ofrecen una exposición a obligaciones, incluyendo las especulativas, obligaciones y otros títulos de crédito internacionales de emisores públicos o privados, instrumentos derivados con subyacentes de obligaciones negociados en los mercados regulados internacionales. La exposición en los activos de renta fija especulativos (high yield) puede alcanzar el 60% de la cartera. En este contexto, el equipo de gestión aplica su propio análisis crediticio y no recurre exclusivamente a las agencias de calificación para evaluar el riesgo crediticio de los emisores.

El proceso de selección de acciones y bonos integra unas variables extrafinancieras para dar preferencia a las empresas que aplican unos criterios ASG (ambientales, sociales y de buen gobierno) con el fin de alcanzar un crecimiento sostenible.

A estas dos estrategias principales se añaden otras dos complementarias: (1) Una estrategia «diversificación» que expone entre el 0% y el 40% de la cartera a OPCVM que aplican estrategias de rentabilidad absoluta con una baja correlación con los índices de mercado. (2) Una estrategia «materias primas» que expone entre el 0% y el 20% de la cartera en OPCVM que ofrecen una exposición en índices de contratos a plazo sobre materias primas («Trackers» o «ETF», en particular).

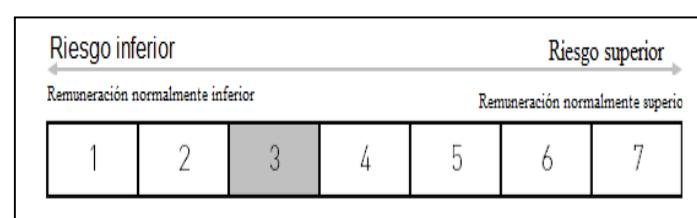
Por último, la cartera puede estar expuesta entre el 0% y el 100% a los siguientes activos monetarios: OPCVM monetarios, títulos de deuda de emisores públicos y CDN (Certificados de Depósito Negociables), y hasta el 50% para riesgo de cambio. La exposición global a los mercados emergentes está limitada al 50% de la cartera y el FCP no ofrece exposición directa a sociedades instrumentales. El FCP no puede sobreexponerse en las clases de activos anteriormente mencionadas.

El FCP capitaliza (reinvierte) sus rendimientos. Las solicitudes de suscripción –en números de participaciones o en importe – y reembolso se centralizan diariamente en BNP Paribas Securities Services a las 12:00, cada día de cálculo del valor liquidativo (J), y además se ejecutan sobre la base del valor liquidativo, calculado en J+1 a un precio desconocido. Las normativas correspondientes intervienen el segundo día laborable siguiente (J+2).

Recomendación: este fondo podría no convenir a los inversores que prevén retirar su aporte en 3 años

Perfil de riesgo y de rentabilidad

El indicador que aparece al lado refleja la exposición, variable y discrecional, del FCP a las clases de activos anteriormente mencionadas. La categoría de riesgo asociado al FCP no es garantía y podrá cambiar en el tiempo. La categoría más baja no significa «sin riesgo». Los datos históricos utilizados para calcular el indicador sintético podrían no constituir una indicación fiable del perfil de riesgo futuro del FCP.



Riesgos importantes para el FCP no tenidos en cuenta en el indicador

- El riesgo de liquidez, como consecuencia de la baja capitalización de ciertas empresas en las que el FCP es susceptible de invertir. Su compra o venta puede durar hasta varias semanas, ya que existe un número limitado en el mercado. Estas acciones también pueden encontrar variaciones al alza o a la baja más rápidas y marcadas que en las grandes capitalizaciones, que influyen particularmente en el valor de liquidación del FCP.
- El riesgo crediticio, como consecuencia de la posibilidad de que el FCP esté expuesto hasta el 100% en instrumentos monetarios y/o obligaciones y/o en OPCVM monetarios. Es posible que el emisor de un título de crédito (estado, sociedad) no esté ya en condiciones de reembolsar su deuda o que su calificación se deteriore y que esta situación provoque una bajada del valor liquidativo. El riesgo es especialmente más importante para los títulos especulativos («high yield»), que pueden representar hasta el 60% de la cartera.

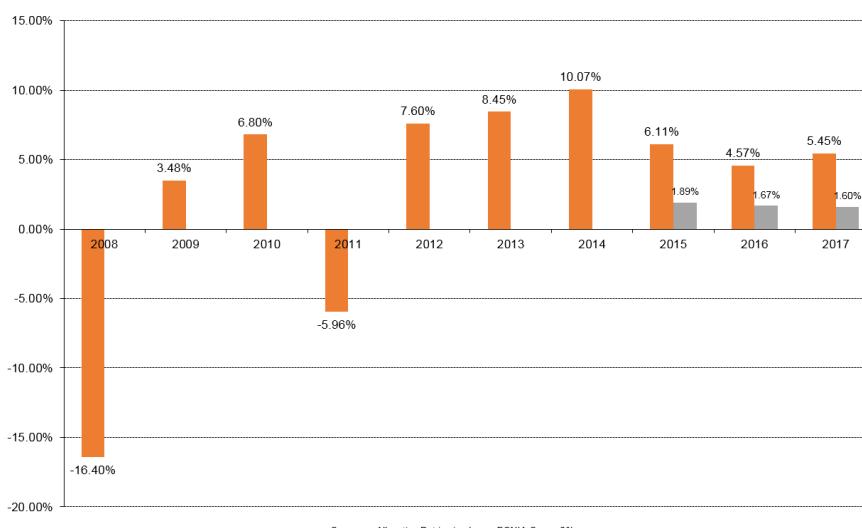
Gastos

Los gastos y comisiones pagadas sirven para cubrir los costes de gestión del FCP, incluyendo los costes de comercialización y distribución de acciones. Estos gastos reducen el crecimiento potencial de las inversiones.

Gastos puntuales retenidos antes o después de la inversión	
Gastos de entrada	5%
Gastos de salida	Cero
El porcentaje indicado es el máximo que puede ser retenido de su capital antes de que sea invertido o de que el rendimiento de su inversión le sea distribuido	
Gastos retenidos por el FCP durante un año	
Gastos corrientes (1)	0.79% (2)
Gastos retenidos por los fondos en ciertas circunstancias	
Comisión de rentabilidad	0.65% (2) 20% TTC superior al índice Eonia capitalizado aumentado en 2.00%, con High Water Mark

Para más información sobre los gastos, consulte las páginas 9 a 11 del folleto del FCP, disponible en nuestra página web www.sycomore-am.com.

Rentabilidad histórica



Las rentabilidades históricas no son un indicador fiable de las rentabilidades futuras.

Todos los costes están incluidos en las rentabilidades presentadas en este gráfico.

Año de creación del FCP: 2002

Divisa de evaluación de las rentabilidades históricas: Euro (EUR)

Información práctica

Depositario: BNP PARIBAS SECURITIES SERVICES

El folleto, los informes anuales y los últimos documentos periódicos, así como cualquier otra información práctica están disponible en nuestra página web www.sycomore-am.com o mediante solicitud escrita a: SYCOMORE AM – Service clients – 14 avenue Hoche, 75008 París, Francia.

El valor liquidativo está disponible en www.sycomore-am.com o mediante solicitud por escrito a esa dirección.

Fiscalidad: el FCP no es elegible en el mecanismo fiscal francés de planes de ahorro en acciones (PEA). Según su régimen fiscal, las plusvalías y/o rendimientos ligados a la posesión de acciones de este FCP pueden estar sujetos a imposición. Le aconsejamos informarse a este respecto a través de su asesor habitual o comercial del FCP.

La responsabilidad de SYCOMORE Asset Management sólo puede ser comprometida tomando como base las declaraciones contenidas en el documento presente que fueran erróneas, inexactas o incoherentes con las partes correspondientes del folleto del FCP.

Este FCP está autorizado en Francia y regulado por la Autoridad de Mercados Financieros (AMF). SYCOMORE Asset Management está autorizada en Francia y regulada por la Autoridad de Mercados Financieros (AMF).

La información clave para el inversor aquí proporcionada es correcta a fecha de 19 de Marzo de 2018.

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SYCOMORE ALLOCATION PATRIMOINE

ISIN: FR0012758696 (participación ID)

FCP administrado por Sycomore Asset Management



Objetivos y política de inversión

El objetivo del FCP, OPCVM de OPCVM, clasificado como diversificado, es el logro de una rentabilidad significativa con un horizonte mínimo temporal recomendado de tres años, con una asignación discrecional de la cartera en varias clases de activos.

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El proceso de selección de acciones y bonos integra unas variables extrafinancieras para dar preferencia a las empresas que aplican unos criterios ASG (ambientales, sociales y de buen gobierno) con el fin de alcanzar un crecimiento sostenible.

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Por último, la cartera puede estar expuesta entre el 0% y el 100% a los siguientes activos monetarios: OPCVM monetarios,) títulos de deuda de emisores públicos y CDN (Certificados de Depósito Negociables), y hasta el 50% para riesgo de cambio. La exposición global a los mercados emergentes está limitada al 50% de la cartera y el FCP no ofrece exposición directa a sociedades instrumentales. El FCP no puede sobreexponerse en las clases de activos anteriormente mencionadas.

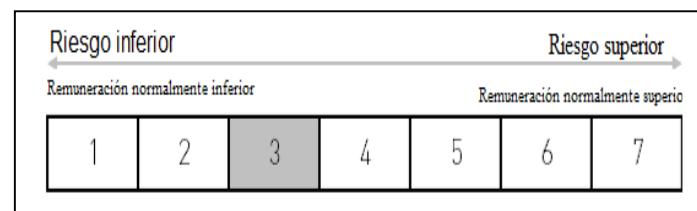
Para la clase de participaciones ID, las sumas distribuibles del fondo se capitalizan o distribuyen íntegramente o parcialmente.

Las solicitudes de suscripción—en números de participaciones o en importe — y reembolso se centralizan diariamente en BNP Paribas Securities Services a las 12:00, cada día de cálculo del valor liquidativo (J), y además se ejecutan sobre la base del valor liquidativo, calculado en J+1 a un precio desconocido. Las normativas correspondientes intervienen el segundo día laborable siguiente (J+2).

Recomendación: este fondo podría no convenir a los inversores que prevén retirar su aporte en 3 años

Perfil de riesgo y de rentabilidad

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Riesgos importantes para el FCP no tenidos en cuenta en el indicador

- El riesgo de liquidez, como consecuencia de la baja capitalización de ciertas empresas en las que el FCP es susceptible de invertir. Su compra o venta puede durar hasta varias semanas, ya que existe un número limitado en el mercado. Estas acciones también pueden encontrar variaciones al alza o a la baja más rápidas y marcadas que en las grandes capitalizaciones, que influyen particularmente en el valor de liquidación del FCP.
- El riesgo crediticio, como consecuencia de la posibilidad de que el FCP esté expuesto hasta el 100% en instrumentos monetarios y/o obligaciones y/o en OPCVM monetarios. Es posible que el emisor de un título de crédito (estado, sociedad) no esté ya en condiciones de reembolsar su deuda o que su calificación se deteriore y que esta situación provoque una bajada del valor liquidativo. El riesgo es especialmente más importante para los títulos especulativos («high yield»), que pueden representar hasta el 60% de la cartera.

Gastos

Los gastos y comisiones pagadas sirven para cubrir los costes de gestión del FCP, incluyendo los costes de comercialización y distribución de acciones. Estos gastos reducen el crecimiento potencial de las inversiones.

Gastos puntuales retenidos antes o después de la inversión	
Gastos de entrada	5%
Gastos de salida	Cero
El porcentaje indicado es el máximo que puede ser retenido de su capital antes de que sea invertido o de que el rendimiento de su inversión le sea distribuido	
Gastos retenidos por el FCP durante un año	
Gastos corrientes (1)	0.79% (2)
Gastos retenidos por los fondos en ciertas circunstancias	
Comisión de rentabilidad	0.79% (2) 20% TTC superior al índice Eonia capitalizado aumentado en 2.00%, con High Water Mark

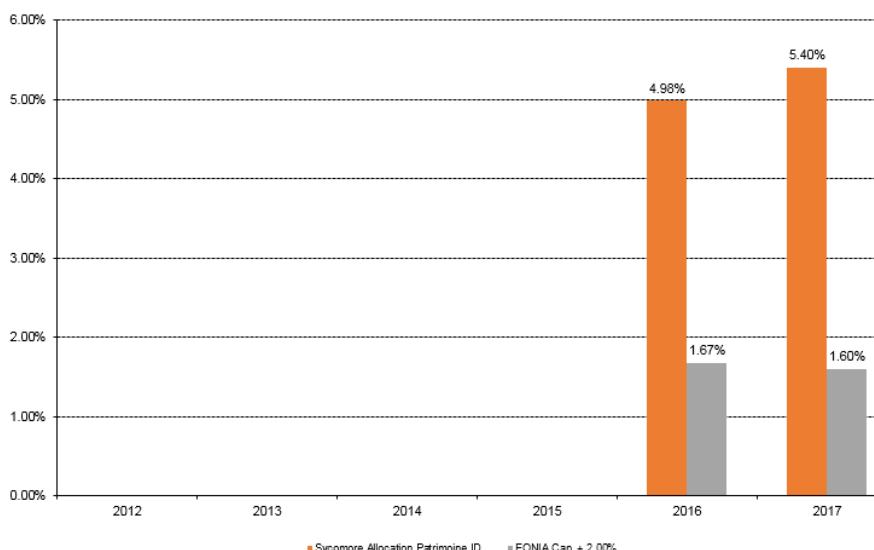
(1) Los gastos corrientes no incluyen la comisión de rentabilidad ni los gastos de intermediación excepto en el caso de los gastos de entrada y/o de salida pagados por el FCP hasta que compre o venda las acciones de otro vehículo de gestión colectiva.

Las cifras comunicadas son máximas; en ciertos casos el inversor paga menos. Es posible obtener de su asesor o distribuidor financiero la comunicación del importe efectivo de gastos de entrada y de salida.

(2) Esta cifra se basa en los gastos del ejercicio precedente cerrado el 29/12/2017 y puede variar de un ejercicio a otro.

Para más información sobre los gastos, consulte las páginas 9 a 11 del folleto del FCP, disponible en nuestra página web www.sycomore-am.com.

Rentabilidad histórica



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Año de creación del FCP: 2002

Divisa de evaluación de las rentabilidades históricas: Euro (EUR)

Información práctica

Depositario: BNP PARIBAS SECURITIES SERVICES

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SYCOMORE ALLOCATION PATRIMOINE

ISIN : FR0007078589 (participación R)

FCP administrado por Sycomore Asset Management



Objetivos y política de inversión

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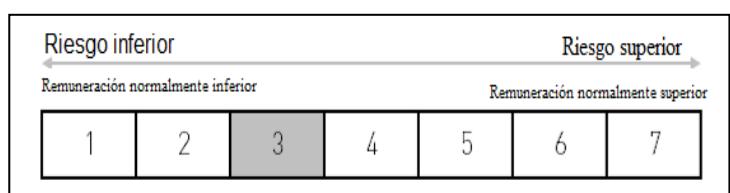
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Gastos

Los gastos y comisiones pagadas sirven para cubrir los costes de gestión del FCP, incluyendo los costes de comercialización y distribución de acciones. Estos gastos reducen el crecimiento potencial de las inversiones.

Gastos puntuales retenidos antes o después de la inversión	
Gastos de entrada	3%
Gastos de salida	Cero
El porcentaje indicado es el máximo que puede ser retenido de su capital antes de que sea invertido o de que el rendimiento de su inversión le sea distribuido	
Gastos retenidos por el FCP durante un año	
Gastos corrientes (1)	1.79% (2)
Gastos retenidos por los fondos en ciertas circunstancias	
Comisión de rentabilidad	0.35% (2) 20% TTC superior al índice Eonia capitalizado aumentado en 2.00%, con High Water Mark

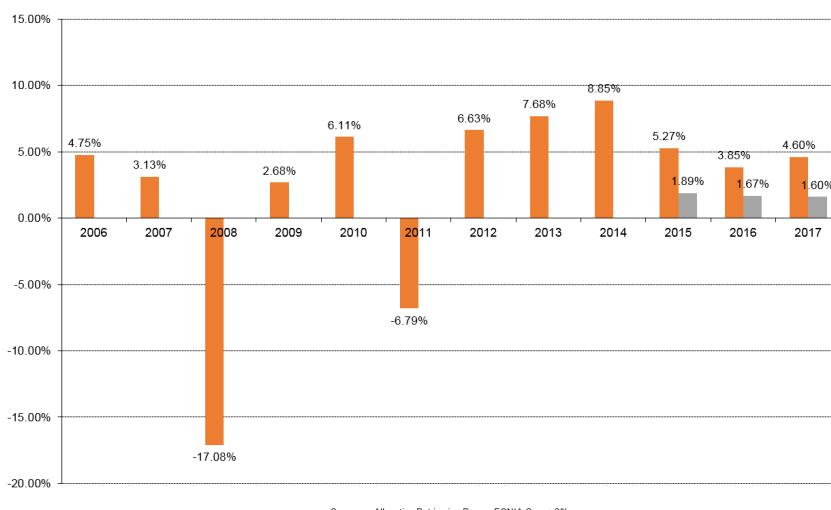
(1) Los gastos corrientes no incluyen la comisión de rentabilidad ni los gastos de intermediación excepto en el caso de los gastos de entrada y/o de salida pagados por el FCP hasta que compre o venda las acciones de otro vehículo de gestión colectiva.

Las cifras comunicadas son máximas; en ciertos casos el inversor paga menos. Es posible obtener de su asesor o distribuidor financiero la comunicación del importe efectivo de gastos de entrada y de salida.

(2) Esta cifra se basa en los gastos del ejercicio precedente cerrado el 29/12/2017 y puede variar de un ejercicio a otro.

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Rentabilidad histórica



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Año de creación del FCP: 2002

Divisa de evaluación de las rentabilidades históricas: Euro (EUR)

Información práctica

Depositario: BNP PARIBAS SECURITIES SERVICES

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SYCOMORE ALLOCATION PATRIMOINE

ISIN: FR0013065604 (participación R USD)

FCP administrado por Sycomore Asset Management



Objetivos y política de inversión

El objetivo del FCP, OPCVM de OPCVM, clasificado como diversificado, es el logro de una rentabilidad significativa con un horizonte mínimo temporal recomendado de tres años, con una asignación discrecional de la cartera en varias clases de activos.

Los dos motores principales de rentabilidad previstos son: (1) Una estrategia «acciones» que expone entre el 0% y el 50% de la cartera a los siguientes activos: acciones internacionales de cualquier capitalización, OPCVM que ofrecen una exposición a los mercados de acciones internacionales, incluyendo los emergentes, instrumentos financieros a plazo negociados en mercados regulados y/o de común acuerdo, que permitan una exposición o cobertura a diferentes sectores, zonas geográficas o cuantías de capitalización. (2) Una estrategia «rentabilidad de obligaciones» que expone entre el 0% y el 100% de la cartera a los siguientes activos: OPCVM que ofrecen una exposición a obligaciones, incluyendo las especulativas, obligaciones y otros títulos de crédito internacionales de emisores públicos o privados, instrumentos derivados con subyacentes de obligaciones negociados en los mercados regulados internacionales. La exposición en los activos de renta fija especulativos (high yield) puede alcanzar el 60% de la cartera. En este contexto, el equipo de gestión aplica su propio análisis crediticio y no recurre exclusivamente a las agencias de calificación para evaluar el riesgo crediticio de los emisores.

El proceso de selección de acciones y bonos integra unas variables extrafinancieras para dar preferencia a las empresas que aplican unos criterios ASG (ambientales, sociales y de buen gobierno) con el fin de alcanzar un crecimiento sostenible.

A estas dos estrategias principales se añaden otras dos complementarias: (1) Una estrategia «diversificación» que expone entre el 0% y el 40% de la cartera a OPCVM que aplican estrategias de rentabilidad absoluta con una baja correlación con los índices de mercado. (2) Una estrategia «materias primas» que expone entre el 0% y el 20% de la cartera en OPCVM que ofrecen una exposición en índices de contratos a plazo sobre materias primas («Trackers» o «ETF», en particular).

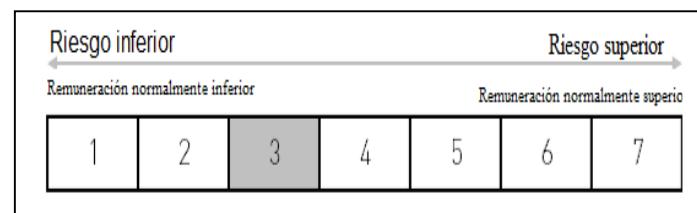
Por último, la cartera puede estar expuesta entre el 0% y el 100% a los siguientes activos monetarios: OPCVM monetarios, títulos de deuda de emisores públicos y CDN (Certificados de Depósito Negociables), y hasta el 50% para riesgo de cambio. La exposición global a los mercados emergentes está limitada al 50% de la cartera y el FCP no ofrece exposición directa a sociedades instrumentales. El FCP no puede sobreexponerse en las clases de activos anteriormente mencionadas.

El FCP capitaliza (reinvierte) sus rendimientos. En la clase de participación R USD, la moneda de evaluación es el dólar americano (USD). Las solicitudes de suscripción—en números de participaciones o en importe—y reembolso se centralizan diariamente en BNP Paribas Securities Services a las 12:00, cada día de cálculo del valor liquidativo (J), y además se ejecutan sobre la base del valor liquidativo, calculado en J+1 a un precio desconocido. Las normativas correspondientes intervienen el segundo día laborable siguiente (J+2).

Recomendación: este fondo podría no convenir a los inversores que prevén retirar su aporte en 3 años

Perfil de riesgo y de rentabilidad

El indicador que aparece al lado refleja la exposición, variable y discrecional, del FCP a las clases de activos anteriormente mencionadas. La categoría de riesgo asociado al FCP no es garantía y podrá cambiar en el tiempo. La categoría más baja no significa «sin riesgo». Los datos históricos utilizados para calcular el indicador sintético podrían no constituir una indicación fiable del perfil de riesgo futuro del FCP.



Riesgos importantes para el FCP no tenidos en cuenta en el indicador

- El riesgo de liquidez, como consecuencia de la baja capitalización de ciertas empresas en las que el FCP es susceptible de invertir. Su compra o venta puede durar hasta varias semanas, ya que existe un número limitado en el mercado. Estas acciones también pueden encontrar variaciones al alza o a la baja más rápidas y marcadas que en las grandes capitalizaciones, que influyen particularmente en el valor de liquidación del FCP.
- El riesgo crediticio, como consecuencia de la posibilidad de que el FCP esté expuesto hasta el 100% en instrumentos monetarios y/o obligaciones y/o en OPCVM monetarios. Es posible que el emisor de un título de crédito (estado, sociedad) no esté ya en condiciones de reembolsar su deuda o que su calificación se deteriore y que esta situación provoque una bajada del valor liquidativo. El riesgo es especialmente más importante para los títulos especulativos («high yield»), que pueden representar hasta el 60% de la cartera.

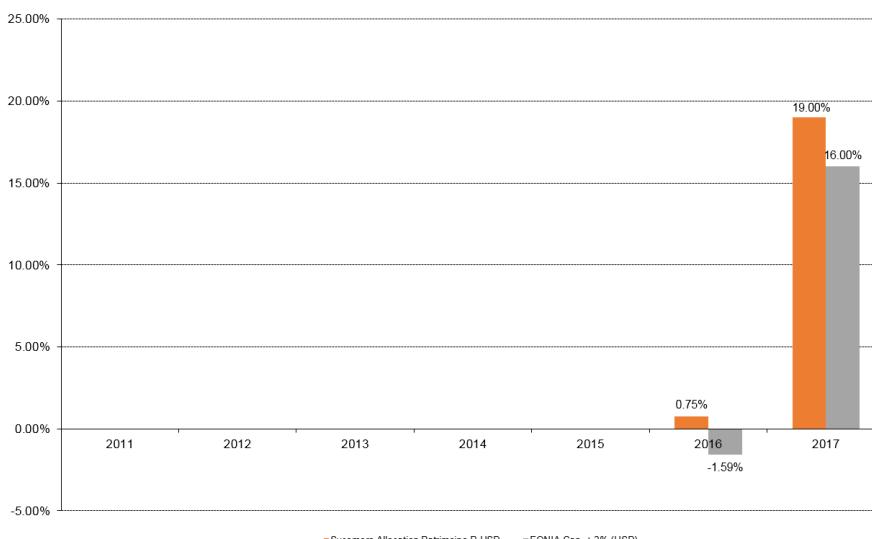
Gastos

Los gastos y comisiones pagadas sirven para cubrir los costes de gestión del FCP, incluyendo los costes de comercialización y distribución de acciones. Estos gastos reducen el crecimiento potencial de las inversiones.

Gastos puntuales retenidos antes o después de la inversión	
Gastos de entrada	3%
Gastos de salida	Cero
El porcentaje indicado es el máximo que puede ser retenido de su capital antes de que sea invertido o de que el rendimiento de su inversión le sea distribuido	
Gastos retenidos por el FCP durante un año	
Gastos corrientes (1)	1.79% (2)
Gastos retenidos por los fondos en ciertas circunstancias	
Comisión de rentabilidad	0.46% (2) 20% TTC superior al índice Eonia capitalizado aumentado en 2.00%, con High Water Mark

Para más información sobre los gastos, consulte las páginas 9 a 11 del folleto del FCP, disponible en nuestra página web www.sycomore-am.com.

Rentabilidad histórica



Las rentabilidades históricas no son un indicador fiable de las rentabilidades futuras.

Todos los costes están incluidos en las rentabilidades presentadas en este gráfico.

Año de creación del FCP: 2002

Divisa de evaluación de las rentabilidades históricas: Euro (EUR)

Información práctica

Depositario: BNP PARIBAS SECURITIES SERVICES

El folleto, los informes anuales y los últimos documentos periódicos, así como cualquier otra información práctica están disponible en nuestra página web www.sycomore-am.com o mediante solicitud escrita a: SYCOMORE AM – Service clients – 14 avenue Hoche, 75008 París, Francia.

El valor liquidativo está disponible en www.sycomore-am.com o mediante solicitud por escrito a esa dirección.

Fiscalidad: el FCP no es elegible en el mecanismo fiscal francés de planes de ahorro en acciones (PEA). Según su régimen fiscal, las plusvalías y/o rendimientos ligados a la posesión de acciones de este FCP pueden estar sujetos a imposición. Le aconsejamos informarse a este respecto a través de su asesor habitual o comercial del FCP.

La responsabilidad de SYCOMORE Asset Management sólo puede ser comprometida tomando como base las declaraciones contenidas en el documento presente que fueran erróneas, inexactas o incoherentes con las partes correspondientes del folleto del FCP.

Este FCP está autorizado en Francia y regulado por la Autoridad de Mercados Financieros (AMF). SYCOMORE Asset Management está autorizada en Francia y regulada por la Autoridad de Mercados Financieros (AMF).

La información clave para el inversor aquí proporcionada es correcta a fecha de 19 de Marzo de 2018.

DATOS FUNDAMENTALES PARA EL INVERSOR

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SYCOMORE ALLOCATION PATRIMOINE

ISIN : FR0012818227 (participación RD)

FCP administrado por Sycomore Asset Management



Objetivos y política de inversión

El objetivo del FCP, OPCVM de OPCVM, clasificado como diversificado, es el logro de una rentabilidad significativa con un horizonte mínimo temporal recomendado de tres años, con una asignación discrecional de la cartera en varias clases de activos.

Los dos motores principales de rentabilidad previstos son: (1) Una estrategia «acciones» que expone entre el 0% y el 50% de la cartera a los siguientes activos: acciones internacionales de cualquier capitalización, OPCVM que ofrecen una exposición a los mercados de acciones internacionales, incluyendo los emergentes, instrumentos financieros a plazo negociados en mercados regulados y/o de común acuerdo, que permitan una exposición o cobertura a diferentes sectores, zonas geográficas o cuantías de capitalización. (2) Una estrategia «rentabilidad de obligaciones» que expone entre el 0% y el 100% de la cartera a los siguientes activos: OPCVM que ofrecen una exposición a obligaciones, incluyendo las especulativas, obligaciones y otros títulos de crédito internacionales de emisores públicos o privados, instrumentos derivados con subyacentes de obligaciones negociados en los mercados regulados internacionales. La exposición en los activos de renta fija especulativos (high yield) puede alcanzar el 60% de la cartera. En este contexto, el equipo de gestión aplica su propio análisis crediticio y no recurre exclusivamente a las agencias de calificación para evaluar el riesgo crediticio de los emisores.

El proceso de selección de acciones y bonos integra unas variables extrafinancieras para dar preferencia a las empresas que aplican unos criterios ASG (ambientales, sociales y de buen gobierno) con el fin de alcanzar un crecimiento sostenible.

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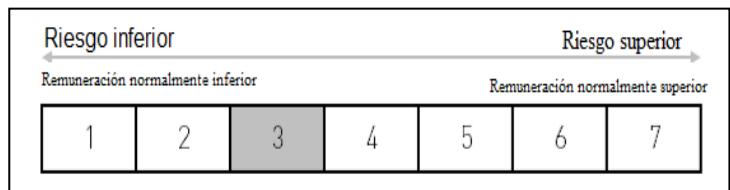
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Para la clase de participaciones RD, las sumas distribuibles del fondo se capitalizan o distribuyen íntegramente o parcialmente. Las solicitudes de suscripción—en números de participaciones o en importe — y reembolso se centralizan diariamente en BNP Paribas Securities Services a las 12:00, cada día de cálculo del valor liquidativo (J), y además se ejecutan sobre la base del valor liquidativo, calculado en J+1 a un precio desconocido. Las normativas correspondientes intervienen el segundo día laborable siguiente (J+2).

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Perfil de riesgo y de rentabilidad

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Gastos

Los gastos y comisiones pagadas sirven para cubrir los costes de gestión del FCP, incluyendo los costes de comercialización y distribución de acciones. Estos gastos reducen el crecimiento potencial de las inversiones.

Gastos puntuales retenidos antes o después de la inversión	
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Gastos corrientes (1)	1.79% (2)
Gastos retenidos por los fondos en ciertas circunstancias	
Comisión de rentabilidad	0.00% (2) 20% TTC superior al índice Eonia capitalizado aumentado en 2.00%, con High Water Mark

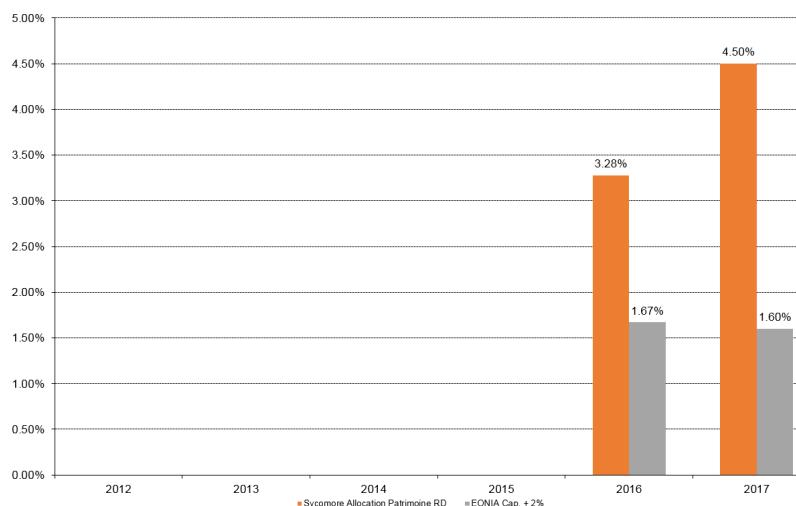
(1) Los gastos corrientes no incluyen la comisión de rentabilidad ni los gastos de intermediación excepto en el caso de los gastos de entrada y/o de salida pagados por el FCP hasta que compre o venda las acciones de otro vehículo de gestión colectiva.

Las cifras comunicadas son máximas; en ciertos casos el inversor paga menos. Es posible obtener de su asesor o distribuidor financiero la comunicación del importe efectivo de gastos de entrada y de salida.

(2) Esta cifra se basa en los gastos del ejercicio precedente cerrado el 29/12/2017 y puede variar de un ejercicio a otro.

Para más información sobre los gastos, consulte las páginas 9 a 11 del folleto del FCP, disponible en nuestra página web www.sycomore-am.com.

Rentabilidad histórica



Las rentabilidades históricas no son un indicador fiable de las rentabilidades futuras.

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Año de creación del FCP: 2002

Divisa de evaluación de las rentabilidades históricas: Euro (EUR)

Información práctica

Depositario: BNP PARIBAS SECURITIES SERVICES

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La información clave para el inversor aquí proporcionada es correcta a fecha de 19 de Marzo de 2018.

SYCOMORE ALLOCATION PATRIMOINE

DETAILED MEMORANDUM



UCITS under the European Directive 2009/65/EC

PART 1: GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Investment fund features

- **Name:** Sycomore Allocation Patrimoine.
- **Legal form and Member State** in which the investment fund was created: Investment fund in the form of a French Fonds Commun de Placement, governed by French law.
- **Inception date and expected term:** The fund was created on 27 November 2002, for a term of 99 years as of that date.
- **Fund overview:**

Units	ISIN Code	Allocation of distributable sums	Currency	Target investors	Subscription fees	Operational and management Charges
I	FR0010474015	Accumulation	EUR	'Eligible counterparty' subscribers within the meaning of Directive 2004/39/EC, 'professional investor' subscribers within the meaning of section I of Annex II of Directive 2014/65/EC, and all subscribers within the framework of discretionary management services or investment advice on an independent basis within the meaning of Directive 2014/65/EC, for which the suppliers of such services are not allowed to accept and retain fees, commissions or any monetary or non-monetary benefits paid or provided by the management company or by the promoter of the Fund (clean share class) »).	5% maximum rate	Maximum 0.80% per annum incl. VAT
R	FR0007078589	Accumulation	EUR	All investors	3% maximum rate	Maximum 1.60% per annum incl. VAT

ID	FR0012758696	Accumulation and/or Distribution	EUR	'Eligible counterparty' subscribers within the meaning of Directive 2004/39/EC, 'professional investor' subscribers within the meaning of section I of Annex II of Directive 2014/65/EC, and all subscribers within the framework of discretionary management services or investment advice on an independent basis within the meaning of Directive 2014/65/EC, for which the suppliers of such services are not allowed to accept and retain fees, commissions or any monetary or non-monetary benefits paid or provided by the management company or by the promoter of the Fund (clean share class) »).	5% maximum rate	Maximum 0.80% per annum incl. VAT
RD	FR0012818227	Accumulation and/or Distribution	EUR	All investors	3% maximum rate	Maximum 1.60% per annum incl. VAT
R USD	FR0013065604	Accumulation	USD	All investors	3% maximum rate	Maximum 1.60% per annum incl. VAT
X	FR0013320322	Accumulation	EUR	All investors, especially mutual funds managed by Sycomore AM or its subsidiaries.	10% maximum rate	Maximum 0.80% per annum incl. VAT

Units	Minimum Subscription
I	EUR 100
R	EUR 100
ID	EUR 100
RD	EUR 100
R USD	EUR 100
X	100€

- The latest annual report and interim statement can be obtained as follows: The latest annual reports and the details of the fund's assets will be sent within eight working days upon written request by a unit holder to:

Sycomore Asset Management, SA
 14 avenue Hoche
 75008 Paris
 Tel: +33 1 44 40 16 00
 Email: info@sycomore-am.com

Additional information may be obtained if necessary from the investors relations service.

PART 2: STAKEHOLDERS

- Asset Management Company:** Sycomore Asset Management, SA. Approved by the AMF as a French Portfolio Management Company (Société de Gestion de Portefeuille) under n° GP 01-30 with registered offices located at 14, avenue Hoche, 75008, Paris, France.
- Depositary and custodian:** BNP Paribas Securities Services, SCA, a financial institution authorised by the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution (ACPR) whose registered offices are located at 3, rue d'Antin, 75002 Paris, France. Mailing address: 9 rue du Débarcadère - 93500 Pantin, France.

Description of the Custodian's responsibilities and of the potential conflicts of interest:

The custodian exercises three types of responsibilities, respectively the control of the regularisation of decisions taken by the Management Company (as defined in Article 22.3 of the UCITS V Directive), the monitoring of cash flow for the UCITS (as defined in Article 22.4 of that Directive) and the safekeeping of assets of the UCITS (as defined in Article 22.5 of that Directive).

The responsibility of the Custodian is to always protect the interests of unit-holders / investors in the UCITS above its own commercial interests.

Potential conflicts of interest may be identified, particularly in the case where the Management Company has also business relationships with BNP Paribas Securities Services in addition to its role as Custodian (which may be the case when BNP Paribas Securities Services is in charge, by delegation of the Management Company, of the Net Asset Value calculation for the UCITS whose custodian is also BNP Paribas Securities Services).

In order to manage such situations, the Custodian has set up and maintains a policy for the management of conflicts of interest. The objectives of such a policy are:

- To identify and analyse the situations with potential conflicts of interest;
- To record, manage and monitor situations with conflicts of interest by
 - o Using the permanent measures implemented in order to manage conflicts of interest, such as the segregation of duties, the split between the functional and hierarchical reporting lines, the monitoring of internal insider lists, and dedicated IT environments
 - o Implementing on a case by case basis
 - Appropriate preventive measures, such as the creation of ad hoc monitoring, new "Chinese walls", or checking that transactions are processed in an appropriate way and/or informing the relevant clients
 - Or refusing to manage the activities that could give rise to conflicts of interest.

Description of potential duties delegated by the Custodian, list of delegates and sub-delegates and identification of the conflicts of interest that may result from such delegation

The Depositary of the UCITS, BNP Paribas Securities Services SCA, is responsible for the safekeeping of the assets (as defined in Article 22.5 of the above-mentioned Directive). In order to provide the services related to the custody of the assets in a large number of countries, enabling the UCITS to achieve their investment objectives, BNP Paribas Securities Services SCA has appointed sub-custodians in the countries where BNP Paribas Securities Services SCA does not have a local presence. These entities are listed on the following website: <http://securities.bnpparibas.com/solutions/asset-fund-services/depository-bank-and-trustee-serv.html>. The process of appointment and supervision of the sub-custodians follows the highest standards of quality, including the management of the potential conflicts of interest that may arise on the occasion of such appointments.

The most recent information regarding the previous points is available to investors upon request.

- Delegated institution in charge of the centralisation of subscription and redemption orders: BNP Paribas Securities Services, SCA, a financial institution authorised by the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution (ACPR) whose registered offices are located at 3, rue d'Antin, 75002 Paris, France. Mailing address: 9 rue du Débarcadère - 93500 Pantin, France.
- Fund unit registrar: BNP Paribas Securities Services, SCA, a financial institution authorised by the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution (ACPR) whose registered offices are located at 3, rue d'Antin, 75002 Paris, France. Mailing address: 9 rue du Débarcadère - 93500 Pantin, France.
- Statutory Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit, represented by Frédéric Sellam, 63 rue de Villiers, 92200 Neuilly-sur-Seine, France.
- Marketing agents: Sycomore Asset Management and its subsidiaries. The list of marketing agents is not comprehensive insofar as the investment fund is listed on Euroclear. Therefore, some marketing agents may not be mandated by, or known to the asset management company.
- Delegated fund accountant: BNP Paribas Securities Services, SCA, a financial institution authorised by the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution (ACPR) whose registered offices are located at 3, rue d'Antin, 75002 Paris, France. Mailing address: 9 rue du Débarcadère - 93500 Pantin, France.

PART 3: OPERATION AND MANAGEMENT

General features

- Unit characteristics:

Nature of the rights attached to the units: The various units represent rights in ownership, i.e. each unit holder has a joint ownership right over the Fund's assets in proportion to the number of units held.

Securities administration: The various units are listed on Euroclear France. Fund administration is performed by BNP Paribas Securities Services SA, a bank governed by French law with registered offices located at 3 Rue d'Antin, 75002 Paris France, Mailing address: 9 rue du Débarcadère - 93500 Pantin, France.

Voting rights: no voting rights are attached to the units as such decisions are made by the asset management company.

Form of units: bearer.

Subdivision of units: Fund units are decimalised in hundred-thousandths (e.g. 100,00000). Subscription orders may be expressed in cash value, in number of units (whole numbers or fractions). Redemption orders may be expressed in number of units (whole number or fraction).

- Accounting year-end: last trading day in December (1st year: 31 December 2003).
- Tax regime: The Fund is not taxable per se. Unit holders may however be liable to tax upon the sale of their units. The tax regime governing capital gains or losses by the fund, whether unrealised or realised, depends on the tax provisions applying to the specific case of each investor and his/her tax domicile and/or the fund's investment jurisdiction. Investors who are unsure of their tax situation should seek advice from an advisor or a financial professional.
- French personal equity savings plan eligibility (PEA): the Fund is not eligible for the French plan d'épargne en actions (PEA).

Specific provisions

- ISIN Code:

Units	ISIN Code
I	FR0010474015
R	FR0007078589
ID	FR0012758696
RD	FR0012818227

R USD	FR0013065604
X	FR0013320322

- Fund of Funds: The level of investment of the fund in other UCITS will range between 0% and 100% of the total net assets.
- Investment objective: The aim of the Fund, which is a fund of funds categorised as diversified, is to outperform its index over a minimum investment period of three years by a discretionary allocation between several Asset Classes.
- Benchmark: The benchmark indicator of the Fund is capitalised EONIA plus 2%. Capitalised EONIA is the reference overnight interest rate for the interbank market within the Eurozone. It is calculated as a weighted average of all overnight unsecured lending transactions in the interbank market within the Eurozone
- Investment strategy:

The fund's investment strategy is based on a discretionary portfolio asset allocation relying on different strategies, each one offering a different exposure in terms of asset classes and risks. The two key performance drivers are expected to be an "Equity" strategy and a "Bond Yield" strategy.

- The "Equity" strategy will represent a cumulative exposure of the portfolio of between 0% to 50% on the following instruments, with any allowed to represent individually up to 50% of net assets:

- Shares of companies quoted on the international markets, selected without sectorial or capitalisation constraints, following a fundamental financial analysis that aims to identify quality companies offering an attractive return and whose stock market capitalisation is not representative of the true intrinsic value determined by the management team. These Shares may correspond, in whole or in part, to small and mid-capitalisation companies, i.e. with market capital below 1 billion euros. These shares may therefore represent up to 50% of net assets.
- Units or shares of UCIs including listed Index Tracking UCITS (commonly called "Trackers" or "ETFs" for "Exchange Traded Funds"), offering exposure to global equity markets, including the emerging equity markets. These may represent up to 50% of net assets.
- Equity Derivatives, such as futures and options, listed on French or non-French regulated and organised markets. They are used to provide exposure to or hedge against various sectors, regions or capitalisation sizes.

The Fund may also enter into over-the-counter contracts in the form of "Contracts for Differences" (henceforth referred to as "CFDs"). The underlying components of CFDs are shares or equity indices. CFDs are used for replicating forward purchases or sales of shares, shares indexes or baskets of shares or baskets of stock indexes.

The commitment of the Fund on futures markets is limited to one times its net assets.

- The "Bond Yield" strategy will represent a cumulative exposure of the net assets of between 0% to 100% to the following instruments:

- Global bonds and other debt securities of all ratings, or without any rating for private issuers, of all sectors or indexed to an inflation index. These bonds represent between 0% and 80% of the net assets. High yield bonds will represent at most 60% of the net assets. The credit quality of the securities is assessed by the investment team whose credit analysis takes into account, among other things, the ratings issued by the credit rating agencies.
- Shares or units of UCIs offering an exposure to bonds or convertible bonds from any country, including emerging countries, with any or no rating, of all sectors or indexed to an inflation index. These UCI will represent between 0% and 80% of the net assets. UCIs with principal exposure to high yield bonds will represent at most 60% of the net assets.
- Fixed Income Derivatives, such as futures and options, listed on French or non-French regulated and organised markets. They enable tactical adjustments of the bond sensitivity of the net assets, by either increasing or reducing it.

The commitment of the Fund on futures markets is limited to one times its net assets.

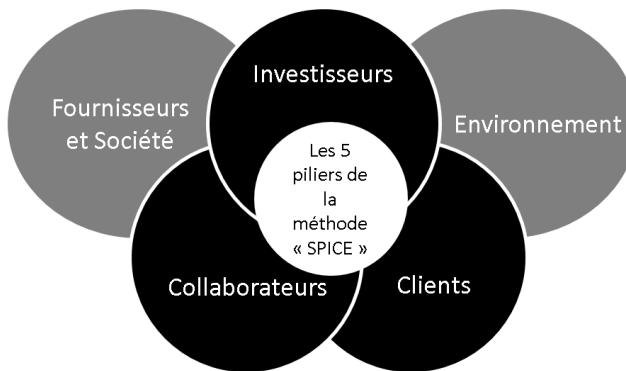
With this strategy the management team will seek to achieve a regular return for the portfolio, while maintaining the sensitivity of the global portfolio between -1 and + 4.

For the "Equity" and the "Bond Yield" strategies, the selection process for shares and bond private issuers includes non-financial criteria in its fundamental analysis of companies within the investment universe and favours those whose ESG criteria (Environment - Social - Governance) target sustainable growth. As an example, the following criteria are in scope:

- Environment → environmental certifications, products and services with environmental added value, contribution towards environmental and energy transition, particular measures to address environmental issues such as energy, climate, air quality, biodiversity ...
- Social → training, health and safety, absenteeism and staff turnover, corporate culture and values, restructuring management, evaluation of social atmosphere, work life balance, responsible procurement policy and suppliers audits ...
- Governance → alignment of interests between the management team and the shareholders, financial reporting quality (reliability and transparency), governing bodies structure, succession planning, consideration for minority shareholders...

ESG analysis is a fully integrated component within the fundamental analysis of companies in our investment universe and led according to our proprietary "SPICE" methodology. It aims to identify additional risks or opportunities not yet identified or reflected in the financial statements. The ESG rating has an impact on the risk premium of companies and therefore on their target prices as well. Thus, depending on its ESG rating, an issuer risk premium and its target prices may fluctuate up or down, and as, a consequence, be included or not into the securities selection.

"SPICE" stands for our global analysis methodology of financial and extra-financial criteria (Supplier & Society, People, Investors, Clients, *Environment*) as per the below diagram).



These two strategies, which are the key performance generators for the fund, are complemented by two additional strategies:

- A "diversification" strategy, representing a cumulative exposure of the net assets of between 0% to 40% to units or shares of UCIs that implement absolute return strategies and that have low correlation to market indices.
- A "Commodities" strategy, representing a cumulative exposure of the net assets of between 0% to 20% to units or shares of UCIs including listed Index Tracking UCITS (commonly called "trackers" or "ETFs" for "Exchange Traded Funds") offering exposure to commodities futures indexes.

Finally, the net assets may be exposed between 0% and 100% to the following monetary assets:

- Money market UCIs
- Treasury bonds issued by public issuers
- Transferable Certificates of Deposit ("TCD") issued by private companies without geographic restriction whose credit quality was assessed by the investment team. The internal credit analysis takes into account, among other things, the ratings issued by the credit rating agencies and especially the minimum rating of AA or equivalent.

Across all asset classes, the exposure to emerging markets will be limited to 50% of the net assets.

The investor should pay attention to the fact that the Fund provides no direct exposure to securitisation vehicles and strictly prevents overexposure to the aforementioned asset classes. Indirect exposure to securitisation vehicles is possible through the aforementioned UCITS, although such vehicles cannot be the principle strategy of the UCITS subscribed to on behalf of the mutual fund.

The allocation of the net assets between the different asset classes will be discretionary, but will tend to invest one third in equity assets, one third in fixed income assets and one third in non-correlated assets, commodities and monetary assets.

- Asset classes and financial futures in the portfolio: The following instruments are likely to be included in the Fund's net assets:

Equities listed on the global markets

The fund's net assets may include, up to 50%, shares of companies quoted on the international markets, selected without sectorial or capitalisation constraints, following a fundamental financial analysis that aims to identify quality companies which offer an attractive return and whose stock market capitalisation is not representative of the true intrinsic value determined by the management team. These shares may correspond, in whole or in part, to small and mid-capitalisation companies, i.e. with market capital below EUR 1 billion.

Debt securities and money-market instruments.

The fund's net assets may hold up to 80% in bonds and other debt securities, with any or no rating, of all sectors or indexed to an inflation index. The selection is principally based on proposed returns without reference to a minimum credit rating for corporate issuers, whereas public issuers need to have a B- or equivalent rating. Through the selection process, the management team will maintain the global portfolio's sensitivity between -1 and + 4. The credit quality of the securities is assessed by the investment team whose credit analysis takes into account, among other things, the ratings issued by the credit rating agencies.

The mutual fund's net assets may include up to 100% transferable debt securities from public or private issuers, without any allocation constraints between these two categories. Those may be Treasury bills issued by public issuers or Transferable certificates of deposit (TCD) issued by private organisations that have a minimum rating of AA or equivalent by credit rating agencies. The credit quality of the securities is assessed by the investment team whose credit analysis takes into account, among other things, the ratings issued by the credit rating agencies.

The investment team performs its own credit analysis and does not rely solely on ratings agencies to assess issuers' credit risk.

Other units or shares of mutual funds

The Fund's net assets may include up to 100% units or shares of European (including French) UCITS which invest less than 10% of their assets in UCITS or AIF.

The Fund may invest in mutual funds marketed or managed by Sycomore Asset Management or one of its subsidiaries, within the aforementioned limits.

Derivatives

The Fund operates in all regulated and organised markets in France or in other countries. The fund uses futures and option strategies.

The Fund may also enter into over-the-counter contracts in the form of "Contracts for Differences" (henceforth referred to as "CFDs"). The underlying components of CFDs are shares or international equity indices. CFDs shall be used to replicate purchases or sales in securities or indices, or baskets of securities or baskets of indices. The counterparties to those over the counter transactions may be financial institutions having their registered office in the European Union or in the United States and subject to the prudential supervision rules from authorities. Such counterparties have no discretionary decision power on the composition or the management of the Fund's portfolio or on the underlying assets of the financial derivative instruments. The counterparty's approval is however required in order to conclude a CFD trade.

There are no plans to use Total Return Swaps in connection with the management of the Fund.

The commitment of the Fund on the futures markets by using financial derivative instruments is limited to its net assets size, this liability being assessed through the commitment method.

Securities with embedded derivatives

The Fund deals in financial instruments with embedded equity derivatives.

The instruments used are: Warrants, equity warrants, investment certificates, as well as bond-type securities with a conversion or subscription right including convertible bonds, bonds redeemable into new or existing shares and equity-warrant bonds. They may represent up to 80% of the Fund's net assets.

Use of deposits.

There are no plans to use deposits in connection with the management of the Fund.

Cash loans.

In the normal course of business, the fund may on occasion find itself in debt and in that case may borrow cash, up to the limit of 10% of its net assets.

Temporary acquisitions and sales of securities

There are no plans to use temporary acquisitions and disposals of securities in connection with the management of the fund.

Contracts constituting financial guarantees

The Fund does not receive any financial guarantees as part of the authorised transactions.

▪ Risk profile:

Risks incurred by the Fund:

- Risk of loss of principal as:1) The fund's performance may not meet investment objectives or investor targets (which depend on their portfolio composition);2) The principal invested may not be entirely returned;3) The performance may be adversely affected by inflation.
- The risk incurred from discretionary management, as the fund managers may, within the limits indicated, freely allocate fund assets among the various asset classes, thus incurring the risk that the fund may not be invested in the best-performing markets.
- General equity risk, due to exposure of up to 50% of net assets to equity markets through investments in equities, equity-exposed UCITS, convertible bonds and derivative financial instruments with equity-related underlying assets. There is a risk that an investment market will decline or that the value of one or more shares will decline, due to a market shift. The net asset value may decrease if equity markets fall.
- Specific equity risk, due to the potential exposure of up to 50% of fund's net assets to global equity markets. This is the risk that the value of one or more shares will decline due to unfavourable news regarding the company itself or a company in the same business sector. In the event of unfavourable news on one of the companies held in the portfolio or on its business sector, the Fund's NAV could decline.
- The liquidity risk, due to the exposure of small capitalisation companies in which the fund may invest. In this regard, investors should bear in mind that the small and mid-cap market includes companies which, by reason of their specific nature, may involve risks for investors. This is the risk that some buy or sell orders may not be fully executed on account of the limited quantity of securities available in the market. These stocks may be subject to higher volatility than large caps and weigh on NAV.
- Interest-rate risk and credit risk, as the fund may be exposed up to 100% of its net assets to fixed-income products, debt securities and money-market instruments, directly or via other UCITS.

Interest rate risk:

- The risk that the rates decline when investments are made at a variable rate (lower rate of return);
- The risk that rates will rise in the case of fixed-rate investments, as the value of a fixed interest-rate product is inversely proportional to interest rate levels.

The net asset value may decrease in the event of an adverse variation in interest rates.

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security is no longer able to reimburse the debt, or that its rating is downgraded, which could then lead to a decrease in the Net Asset Value (NAV).

This Fund should be regarded partly as speculative and aimed specifically at investors who are aware of the risks inherent in investing in securities with a low or non-existent rating. Thus, exposure to High Yield Investments, which may reach 60% of the net assets may trigger a fall in the NAV.

- Risk incurred by convertible bonds investments, given that the fund may be exposed for up to 30% of its net assets to convertible bonds. This is the risk that the value of one or more convertible bonds fall, influenced by the level of interest rates, changes in the prices of the underlying equities or changes in the price of the derivative instrument embedded in the convertible bond. In the event of a fall in the value of one or more convertible bonds, the net asset value may fall.
- Currency risk, as the fund may be invested up to 50% of its net assets in financial instruments listed in a currency other than the Euro. It is the risk that the value of an investment currency diminishes compared to the fund's base currency, i.e. Euro.
- Emerging market risk, as the fund may be directly or indirectly exposed up to 50% of its net assets to emerging countries' equity markets. This is the risk that the value of such investments may be affected by the economic uncertainties and policies of these countries, given the fragility of their economic, financial and political structures. In the event of a fall, of one or several of these markets, the NAV may fall.
- Commodity risk, the management team may expose up to 20% of the fund's net assets to units or shares of UCITS with exposure to international commodity markets. These markets present special risks and may experience a significantly different evolution compared to traditional financial instruments. Their value is closely tied to changes in levels of production of commodities and in levels of estimated natural reserves, particularly the natural energy reserves. Climatic or geopolitical factors may also affect the value of these UCITS. The net asset value of the Fund may decrease if commodity markets fall.
- The counterparty risk, the management team may enter into over-the-counter derivative contracts with financial institutions having their registered office in the European Union or in the United States and subject to the prudential supervision rules from authorities. This is the risk that a counterparty defaults and is no longer able to transfer the money due to the fund as a result of a transaction, i.e. collateral deposits or realised gains. This risk is capped at a maximum of 10% of the net assets per counterparty. In the event of a counterparty default, the Net Asset Value may fall.

Guarantee or protection

None

- Target investors and target investor profile:

I and ID units (clean share class) are specifically aimed at 'Eligible counterparty' subscribers within the meaning of Directive 2004/39/EC, 'professional investor' subscribers within the meaning of section I of Annex II of Directive 2014/65/EC, and all subscribers within the framework of discretionary management services or investment advice on an independent basis within the meaning of Directive 2014/65/EC, for which the suppliers of such services are not allowed to accept and retain fees, commissions or any monetary and non-monetary benefits paid or provided by the management company or by the promoter of the Fund (clean share class »).

Other share classes are aimed at all investors and may be used within unit-linked life insurance policies, but X units are more specifically designed for mutual funds managed by Sycomore AM or its subsidiaries.

It is particularly aimed at investors interested in a minimum investment period of three (3) years and who also wish to diversify their investments.

The reasonable amount to invest in this Fund depends on your personal situation. In order to assess your financial situation, you must take into account your personal assets, your current needs and your requirements over the next three years, as well as your wish to take on risk or conversely, to opt for a more cautious investment. You are also strongly advised to sufficiently diversify your investments so that they are not exposed solely to the risks incurred by this Fund.

The units in the fund, which is a *foreign public* fund within the meaning of Section 13 of the *US Bank Holding Company Act*, have not been registered or reported to the US authorities pursuant to the *US Securities Act of 1933*. Hence, they may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, in the United States or on behalf of or for the benefit of a "U.S. Person" within the meaning of the US Regulation (« *Regulation S* »).

- Calculation and allocation of distributable sums: accumulation and/or distribution.

I, R and R USD units: Full accumulation of the net income and of the net realised capital gains.

ID and RD Units: Accumulation and/or yearly distribution with the possibility of quarterly interim payments of some or all of the net income and net realised capital gains.

The asset management company shall decide each year on the allocation of distributable sums.

▪ Unit characteristics:

Units	ISIN Code	Allocation of distributable sums	Currency	Target investors
I	FR0010474015	Accumulation	EUR	'Eligible counterparty' subscribers within the meaning of Directive 2004/39/EC, 'professional investor' subscribers within the meaning of section I of Annex II of Directive 2014/65/EC, and all subscribers within the framework of discretionary management services or investment advice on an independent basis within the meaning of Directive 2014/65/EC, for which the suppliers of such services are not allowed to accept and retain fees, commissions or any monetary and non-monetary benefits paid or provided by the management company or by the promoter of the Fund (clean share class »).
R	FR0007078589	Accumulation	EUR	All investors
ID	FR0012758696	Accumulation and/or Distribution	EUR	'Eligible counterparty' subscribers within the meaning of Directive 2004/39/EC, 'professional investor' subscribers within the meaning of section I of Annex II of Directive 2014/65/EC, and all subscribers within the framework of discretionary management services or investment advice on an independent basis within the meaning of Directive 2014/65/EC, for which the suppliers of such services are not allowed to accept and retain fees, commissions or any monetary and non-monetary benefits paid or provided by the management company or by the promoter of the Fund (clean share class »).
RD	FR0012818227	Accumulation and/or Distribution	EUR	All investors
R USD	FR0013065604	Accumulation	USD	All investors
X	FR0013320322	Accumulation	EUR	All investors, especially mutual funds managed by Sycomore AM or its subsidiaries.

Units	Minimum Subscription
I	EUR 100
R	EUR 100
ID	EUR 100
RD	EUR 100
R USD	EUR 100

X	EUR 100
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▪ Conditions for subscribing and redeeming shares: Subscription and redemption orders are centralised by BNP Paribas Securities Services (3 rue d'Antin 75002, Paris) at 12 a.m. on each calculation day (D) of the Net Asset Value. These orders are then executed on the basis of NAV calculated on the following business day at a then-unknown price (D+1). The resulting payments are made on the following second business day (D+2).

Holders can switch from one unit class to another by passing a redemption order in the units of the share class held, followed by a subscription order for units in another share class. Investors should therefore be aware that switching from one unit class to another triggers the application of the tax regime governing capital gains or losses on financial instruments.

▪ NAV calculation date and frequency: The net asset value is determined each day the Euronext markets are open with the exception of legal holidays in France (D). NAV is calculated on the following business day (D+1), based on the preceding day's closing prices (D).

▪ Place and methods of publication or communication of Net Asset Value: The Fund's Net Asset Value is available upon request from Sycomore Asset Management and also on its website (www.sycomore-am.com).).

▪ Fees and commissions:

Entry and exit charges: Entry and exit charges are either levied on the subscription price paid by the investor or deducted from the redemption price. Charges retained by the Fund offset expenses borne by the Fund for investment or divestment. Non-retained charges are attributed to the asset management company, the marketing agent, etc.

Charges borne by the investor at the time of subscriptions and redemptions	Basis	Rate					
		I units	ID Units	R Units	RD Units	R USD Units	X Units
Subscription fee Not due to the UCITS	Net Asset Value multiplied by the number of shares subscribed	5% maximum rate		3% maximum rate			10% maximum rate
Subscription commission paid to the UCITS	Net Asset Value multiplied by the number of shares subscribed						None
Repurchase Charge Not due to the UCITS	Net Asset Value multiplied by the number of units redeemed						None
Repurchase Charge Due to the UCITS	Net Asset Value multiplied by the number of units redeemed						None

Exemptions: No fees will be charged for a redemption followed by a subscription for the same account on the same day, if the NAV and amount have the same values.

Operating and management charges: These fees include all the expenses invoiced directly to the Fund, except for execution fees. Execution fees include intermediation charges (brokerage, stamp duty, etc.) and transfer commissions, if any, which may be charged by the custodian and the asset management company. The following may be payable in addition to the ongoing charges:

- **Performance fees** These reward the asset management company when the Fund exceeds its objectives. They are therefore invoiced to the Fund;
- **transfer commissions invoiced to the UCITS.**

For further details regarding fees charged to the investment fund, please refer to the key investor information document.

Fees charged to the Fund	Basis	Rate										
		X Units	I Units	ID Units	R Units	RD Units	R USD Units					
Management fees of the asset management company and external costs (Commissioner Auditors Custodian and centralization, financial management, distribution, legal costs ...)	Net Assets	Maximum annual rate (including tax)										
		0.80%	1.60%									
Performance fee	Net Assets	None	20% all tax included in excess of a net annual performance of capitalised EONIA plus 2% with a High Water Mark (1)									
Maximum indirect costs	Net Assets	3% (tax included) excluding performance fees, if any										
Transaction fees charged by the Management Company	Debit on each transaction	None										
Transaction fee received by the Custodian	Debit on each transaction	Maximum charge of 30 Euros, including tax.. CFD: fixed maximum specific tariff of €20 incl.VAT										

These fees shall be booked directly to the Fund's profit and loss account.

- (1) High Water Mark mechanism: the performance fee shall be billed to the fund if and only if the net asset value on the last trading day of the financial year is higher than the highest of the net asset values on the last trading day of each previous financial year

Performance fee:

The performance fee calculation is triggered by a positive performance of the fund that is also above that of the benchmark, during the financial year. It is also based on the comparison, during the financial year, between the change in the fund's assets after management and ongoing fees, and the change in a reference asset with a performance identical to that of the benchmark over the calculation period; changes relating to subscriptions and redemptions in the Fund are taken into account to perform this comparison.

If, over the financial year, the performance of the fund is lower than the reference Asset, the variable share of the Management Fees shall be nil.

If, during the financial year, the fund's year-to-date performance is both positive and above that of the reference asset, this performance shall be subject to a provision for variable management fees when calculating net asset value. If some units are redeemed while such a provision exists, the proportion of the accrued fee corresponding to the units redeemed is definitively acquired by the Management Company.

If the fund under performs the reference asset between two NAV calculations, any provision previously included shall be adjusted by a write-back. Provision write-backs shall be capped at previous allocations to provisions.

Selection of intermediaries: Sycomore Asset Management selects and assesses intermediaries with which it works in the best interests of its investors, by retaining only those which offer the utmost efficiency in their specific fields.

In this respect, a Selection Committee meets at least once a year to review the performance of its designated intermediaries and to discuss the potential selection of others.

Selection and assessment of intermediaries takes into account, in addition to execution commissions and fees relating to securities trading, criteria such as the intermediary's capacity to find blocks of shares, or to trade orders in illiquid stocks, as well as their correct understanding of instructions.

Sycomore Asset Management does not receive soft commissions of any sort.

Unit holders may refer to the annual management report for any further information.

PART 4: COMMERCIAL INFORMATION

The settlement of distributable sums occurs, where applicable, within five months following the end of the fund's financial year.

Subscription and redemption orders should be addressed to the delegated institution in charge of the centralisation.

Information concerning the Fund is provided by Sycomore Asset Management to your financial intermediary, whose duty it is to pass this information on to their clients.

The information on Environmental, Social and Governance criteria taken into account by the UCITS is available on Sycomore Asset Management's Website(www.sycomore-am.com).).

Furthermore, information concerning the Fund may be obtained directly via the Sycomore Asset Management website (www.sycomore-am.com) or by calling our Investor Relations Department on +33 1 44.40.16.00.

PART 5: INVESTMENT RULES

Regulatory ratios applying to the investment fund

The fund complies with the investment regulation for UCITS governed by Directive 2009/65/EC investing more than 10% of their assets in units or shares of funds, it also complies with the General Regulations of the AMF (French regulatory body) regarding diversified funds.

If, despite full efforts to comply with these investment rules, the limit is breached irrespective of the will of Sycomore Asset Management, or as a result of the exercising of subscription rights, Sycomore Asset Management will prioritise its divestments towards resolving the situation as quickly as possible, taking unit holders' interests into account.

Part 6: OVERALL RISK

The fund's overall risk reflects the additional risk incurred by the use of derivatives, based on the commitment calculation method.

PART 7: ASSET VALUATION PRINCIPLES

Asset valuation rules

Financial instruments and securities traded on French or foreign regulated markets are valued at market price.

However, the following instruments are valued in accordance with the following specific methods:

- Financial instruments which are not traded on regulated markets are valued by the management company at their likely trading value.
- Units or shares in mutual funds are valued at the most recently published NAV.
- Negotiable debt securities and similar instruments which are not actively traded are valued using an actuarial method. The value retained is that of equivalent issued securities, which are adjusted, where applicable, on the basis of a credit spread reflecting the creditworthiness of the security issuer. However, negotiable debt securities with residual lifespan not exceeding three months may be valued using the linear method in the absence of any specific sensitivity. The application of these principles is set by the asset management company. These are detailed in the Appendix to the annual accounts.
- transactions involving financial futures or options traded on French or foreign organised markets are valued at market price in accordance with methods laid down by the asset management company. They are set out in the Appendix to the annual accounts.
- Over-the-counter futures, options or swap transactions authorised by the regulations applicable to mutual funds, are valued at their market price or at an estimated value in accordance with methods laid down by the asset management company, as defined in the notes to the annual financial statements.

Financial instruments for which no price has been established on the valuation day, or the price of which has been adjusted, are valued at their likely trading value under the asset management company's liability. These valuations and relative supporting data are made available to the Statutory Auditor during inspections and audits.

The accounting currency is Euro.

Alternative assessment procedures in case the financial data is unavailable

Please note that the administrative and accounting management of the fund is delegated to BNP Paribas Securities Services, which is in charge of valuing the fund's financial assets.

Nevertheless, Sycomore Asset Management also has at its disposal an estimated valuation of the fund's financial assets on a real-time basis, sourced from various available financial data suppliers (Reuters, Bloomberg, market counterparties, etc.).

In the event that the delegated administrative and accounting agent is unable to value the fund's assets, it will still therefore be possible to provide it with the requisite information for the purpose of such a valuation, in which case the Statutory Auditor will be promptly informed.

Accounting method

The accounting method selected to record income from financial instruments is the coupon-received principle.

The accounting method selected to record execution costs is exclusive of fees.

Part 8: REMUNERATION POLICY

In accordance with the regulation resulting from directives 2011/65/EC ("AIFM") and 2014/91/EC ("UCITS V"), Sycomore AM established this remuneration policy. Its objectives are to promote alignment of interests between investors, the asset management company and its staff, as well as sound and efficient risk management of managed portfolios and of the asset management company, taking into account the nature, scope and complexity of Sycomore AM's activities. In particular, it relies on the allocation of sufficiently high fixed remuneration and bonuses whose allocation and payment modalities promote the alignment of long-term interests.

Details of this remuneration policy are available on our website www.sycomore-am.com. A paper copy can also be made available free of charge upon request.

SYCOMORE ALLOCATION PATRIMOINE

Terms and Conditions



UCITS under the European Directive 2009/65/EC

SECTION 1: ASSETS AND UNITS

Article 1 - Fund units

The rights of co-owners are expressed in units, each unit representing an equivalent fraction of the assets of the Fund. Each unit holder owns joint ownership rights over the assets of the fund in proportion to the number of units owned.

The term of the fund is 99 years from 27 January 2002, except in the case of any early winding-up or extension as provided for in these terms and conditions.

The characteristics of the various categories of units, and the terms and conditions of their acquisition, are set forth in the key investor information document and the prospectus of the Fund.

The various categories of units may:

- benefit from different income distribution methods; (distribution or accumulation)
- be denominated in different currencies;
- incur different management fees;
- bear different entry and exit charges;
- have a different nominal value.

Units may be consolidated or split.

The Board of Directors of the asset management company may elect to split units into hundred-thousandths, referred to as fractional units.

Provisions herein governing the issue and redemption of units are applicable to fractional units, the value of which shall always be proportional to the value of the proportion they represent. All other provisions herein governing units apply to fractional units without need for further specification, unless otherwise stated.

Finally, the Board of Directors of the asset management company may unilaterally elect to split units by creating new units issued to holders in exchange for existing units.

Article 2 - Minimum assets

Units may not be redeemed if the Fund's (or sub-fund) assets fall below EUR 300,000; when the assets remain below this amount for a period of thirty days, the management company shall make the necessary provisions to liquidate the fund concerned, or to carry out one of the operations mentioned in Article 411-16 of the AMF's General Regulations (transfer of the Fund).

Article 3 - Issue and redemption of units

The units can be issued at any time at the request of holders on the basis of their Net Asset Value plus, if applicable, any subscription fees.

Redemptions and subscriptions shall be carried out in accordance with the conditions and procedures defined in the prospectus.

Fund units may be listed in accordance with applicable regulations.

Unit subscriptions must be paid in full on the NAV calculation date. They may be made in cash and/or by a contribution in kind in the form of transferable securities. The Management Company has the right to refuse the proposed securities and has a period of seven days from the date of filing to inform the subscriber of their decision. If it accepts the securities, they shall be valued on the basis of the rules laid down in article 4, and the subscription shall be made on the basis of the first net asset value calculated following acceptance of the securities involved.

Redemptions shall be paid out exclusively in cash, unless the Fund is liquidated, and unit holders have given their consent to repayment in securities. Payment is made by the issuance account keeper within a maximum of five days following unit valuation.

This period may however be extended up to a maximum of 30 days in exceptional circumstances if the repayment requires the prior divestment of assets held in the Fund.

Except in case of inheritance or inter-vivos estate distribution, the disposal or transfer of units between holders, or from holders to a third party, is equivalent to a redemption followed by a subscription; if this involves a third party, the disposal or transfer amount must, if relevant, be completed by the beneficiary in order to attain at least that of the minimum subscription required by the prospectus.

In application of article L. 214-8-7 of the French Monetary and Financial Code, the redemption by the fund of its units, as well as the issue of new units, may be provisionally suspended, by the asset management company, under exceptional circumstances and if holders' best interests so require.

When the net assets of the Fund are lower than the amount fixed by the regulations, no acquisition of shares may take place.

The Fund may cease to issue Units pursuant to Article L. 214-8-7 of the French Monetary and Financial Code in situations involving the closure of subscriptions such as a maximum number of units or shares issued, a maximum asset value attained or the expiry of a specified subscription period.

These objective circumstances are defined in the full Prospectus of the investment fund.

Article 4 - Calculation of the Net Asset Value

The Net Asset Value is calculated in accordance with the valuation rules set out in the Prospectus.

Contributions in kind shall comprise only securities, shares or contracts permissible as mutual fund assets, and these shall be valued in accordance with the valuation principles applied to the NAV calculation.

SECTION 2: FUND OPERATION

Article 5 - The Management Company

The fund is managed by the asset management company in accordance with the policy defined for the fund.

The management company will act in the sole interest of the unit-holders under all circumstances and shall have sole authority to exercise the voting rights attached to securities held by the Fund.

Article 5a - Operating rules

The instruments and deposits that are eligible to form part of the Fund's assets and the investment rules are described in the prospectus.

Article 5b — Listing on a regulated market and/or a multilateral trading facility

Fund units may be listed on a regulated market and/or a multilateral trading facility in accordance with applicable regulations. In case the fund whose shares are admitted to trading on a regulated market has an index based management objective, the fund will have in place a system to ensure that the price of its units does not significantly vary from its net asset value.

Article 6 — Custodian

The custodian performs the tasks entrusted to it by the legal and regulatory provisions in force as well as those entrusted to it contractually. It is responsible for ensuring that legal decisions made by the asset management company comply with the necessary regulations. It must, where required, take any precautionary measures it deems necessary. In the event of a dispute with the asset management company, it will inform the Autorité des Marchés Financiers (AMF-French Financial Markets Authority).

Article 7 - Statutory auditor

A statutory auditor is appointed by the governing body of the management company for a term of six financial years, with the approval of the AMF.

The statutory auditor certifies the accuracy and consistency of the financial statements. The appointment of the statutory auditor may be renewed.

The statutory auditor is required to notify the AMF as soon as possible of any fact or decision relating to the Fund of which he becomes aware in the course of his audit that may:

- 1° Constitute a breach of the laws or regulations applicable to this Fund that could have a significant impact on its financial situation, results or assets
- 2° Undermine the conditions or continuity of its business,
- 3° Entail the issuing of reservations or the refusal to certify the financial statements

Asset valuation and the determination of exchange terms pertaining to conversions, mergers or split transactions are carried out under the supervision of the statutory auditor.

The statutory auditor shall determine the value of any contribution in kind under his own responsibility

The statutory auditor monitors the accuracy of the composition of assets and other items prior to publication.

The statutory auditor's fees shall be determined by mutual agreement between the latter and the Board of Directors or Executive Committee of the asset management company under a work schedule specifying the duties deemed necessary.

The statutory auditor shall certify positions serving as the basis for any interim distribution.
The statutory auditor's fees are included in the management fees.

Article 8 - The accounts and the management report

At the closing of each financial year, the asset management company prepares the financial statements and a report on the fund's management during that year.

The management company prepares a statement of the UCITS's assets and liabilities, at least once every half-year and under the supervision of the custodian.

The asset management company shall make these documents available to unit holders within four months of the end of the financial year and inform them of the amount of income attributable to them: These documents are either sent by mail at the express request of the unit holders, or made available to them by the Asset Management Company.

SECTION 3: APPROPRIATION OF DISTRIBUTABLE SUMS

Article 9 - Terms and conditions of appropriation of income and distributable sums

Net income for the financial year shall be equal to total interests, arrears, dividends, premiums and bonuses, attendance fees and any other income relating to securities constituting the fund portfolio, plus income from short-term liquidities, minus ongoing charges and borrowing costs.

Distributable amounts consist of:

1. Net income plus retained earnings plus or minus the balance of accrued income;
2. Realised capital gains after costs, less realised capital losses after costs, recognised during the financial year, plus capital gains after costs recognised during previous financial years that have not been distributed or capitalised and minus or plus the balance of capital gain accruals.

The amounts stated in points 1 and 2 may be distributed, either entirely or partially, independently of one another. The asset management company shall decide on the appropriation of distributable amounts. Where applicable, the Fund may choose one of the following options for each unit class:

- accumulation: distributable amounts are fully reinvested with the exception of those that must be distributed pursuant to legal provisions;
- - Distribution (with the possibility of interim distribution):
 - all distributable sums (all amounts mentioned in points 1 and 2) to the nearest rounded figure;
 - distributable sums mentioned in point 1 to the nearest rounded figure;
 - distributable sums mentioned in point 2 to the nearest rounded figure.

For funds which prefer to maintain the freedom to capitalise and/or distribute all or part of the distributable sums, the asset management company decides each year on the appropriation of distributable sums mentioned in points 1 and 2 with the possibility of interim distribution.

SECTION 4: MERGER - SPLIT - WINDING UP - LIQUIDATION

Article 10 - Merger & De-merger

The Management Company may either transfer, in full or in part the assets included in the fund to another UCITS or split the fund into two or more other funds.

Such mergers or splits may not be carried out until the unit-holders have been notified. A merger or split gives rise to the issuance of a certificate specifying the new number of units held by each holder.

Article 11 - Dissolution & extension

If fund assets remain below the amount specified in article 2 for a period of thirty days, the asset management company shall wind-up the fund and inform the French Financial Markets Authority, unless it is merged with another investment fund.

The asset management company may wind-up the fund before term. It shall inform unit holders of its decision and subscription or redemption orders shall no longer be accepted as of that date.

The asset management company shall also wind-up the fund if it receives redemption orders for all of its units, if the custodian ceases to perform its duties where no other custodian has been designated, and upon the expiry of the fund's term unless it has been extended.

The asset management company shall inform the French Financial Markets Authority in writing of the scheduled date and selected winding-up procedure. It shall then send the French Financial Markets Authority the statutory auditor's report.

Extension of a fund may be decided by the asset management company in agreement with the custodian. Its decision must be taken at least 3 months prior to expiry of the fund's term, and both unit holders and the French Financial Markets Authority must be informed at the same time.

If the agreement concluded between the custodian and the asset management company is terminated by either party, the asset management company shall wind-up the fund within a maximum period of three months upon reception of the termination notice by the party being notified. This is unless another custodian has been

designated by the asset management company and authorised by the French Financial Markets Authority within this period.

Article 12 - Liquidation

If the Fund is to be dissolved, the management company or the custodian shall act as liquidator, failing which a liquidator shall be appointed by the courts at the request of any party concerned. For such purposes, they will be entrusted with full powers to realise assets, pay any creditors and distribute the available balance amongst the unit-holders, in cash or in securities.

The statutory auditor and the custodian shall continue in their respective capacities until the liquidation process is complete.

SECTION 5: DISPUTES

Article 13 - Competent courts & Choice of jurisdiction

All disputes related to the Fund that may arise during the term in which it operates, or during its liquidation, either between the unit holders or between the unit holders and the asset management company or the Custodian, are subject to the jurisdiction of the competent courts.